

THE HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

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TUESDAY February 23

FAITH AND LOYALTY.

Mormons and the Government Authorities.

We believe there are no more in the Union a more loyal people than the Latter-day Saints. They know no other country except this. They expect to live and die on this soil. * * * To be at peace with the government and in harmony with their fellow-citizens who are not of their faith, and to share in the confidence of the government and people, our people have voluntarily put aside something which all their lives they have believed to be a sacred principle. * * * As shopkeepers of a patient and suffering people, we ask amnesty for them, and pledge our faith and honor for their future.

WILFORD WOODRUFF, H. J. GRANT, GEORGE J. CANNON, JOHN HENRY SMITH, JOSEPH H. SMITH, JOHN W. TAYLOR, LORENZO SNOW, M. W. MERRILL, MORRIS THOMPSON, ANTHONY H. LUND, FRANCIS M. LYMAN, ABRAHAM H. CANNON, FRANKLIN D. RICHMOND.

SALT LAKE, December 19, 1891.

To the President: We have the honor to forward herewith a petition signed by the president and most influential members of the Mormon church. We have no doubt of the sincerity and no doubt that it is intended to be a sincere petition. The signers include some who were most determined in adhering to their religious faith while polygamy, either mandatory or permissive, was one of its tenets, and they are men who would not lightly pledge their faith and honor to the government or subscribe to such a document without having fully resolved to make their words good in letter and spirit.

Signed by A. L. THOMAS, governor; CHARLES S. ZANE, chief justice; Commissioners GODFREY, SATTERDINE and ROBERTSON; and Judges MINER, BLACKBURN and ANDERSON.

SALT LAKE, December 2, 1891.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

The indications furnished by the United States agricultural department through Mr. Berkman in San Francisco.

For Utah—Snow, followed by fair, cooler.

From the way ALGER kicks, he must be the dark horse.

THE NEXT on the calendar is ST. PATRICK'S day in the morning.

THE MINNEAPOLIS hotel keepers are mad at BLAINE for writing that letter.

THE REPUBLICAN cake-walk towards Indianapolis is now opening in good earnest.

SINCE BLAINE threw up the presidential nomination he has not been troubled with those stomach spasms.

THE PROBABILITY is that even REED could not count a Congressional quorum this morning without blushing.

"LITTLE drops of water, little grains of sand" are doing their work in Washington in behalf of Home Rule. The clouds are breaking.

BILL HORNESZOLLER, of Germany, says he won't come over to see the World's Fair. Then let him stay at home and go on with his king-making.

IT BEATS the World how friends of Hill, over-rode the macadamized "don'ts" of PUTLITZ. And it also beats the devil how completely they controlled the party mechanism.

BANKS SHUT UP: business places shut up; schools shut up; Legislature shut up; Congress shut up—everything shut up, was the order yesterday; everything except the clouds and the Liberals.

SENATOR PUGH, of Alabama, seems to have broken out in sun spots again against CLEVELAND. His ticket is HILL and GRAY. Nevertheless the call for the Chicago convention has not yet been withdrawn.

BY REASON of WASHINGTON's birthday following the Sabbath, we have had two consecutive days of business suspension, and Salt Lake ought to feel rested. Let us now resume our labors to perpetuate the glory of G. W.—the Great West.

A GREAT many wealthy Mexicans who reside in Texas are furnishing the sinews of war for GARZA, the snide revolutionist, and aiding him in various ways. If they are not acting out their faith, they are at least showing the convictions of their cash.

THE WINDOW-GLASS trust has, in anticipation of the spring building, raised its prices 5 per cent. As the tariff on plate-glass is equal to 147 per cent. ad valorem, the tariff fixing competition and the manufacturers fixing the price, they have a pretty soft thing of it.

GOVERNOR HOWE having called the Texas legislature to meet in extra session, naming the election of a United States Senator as one of the objects, it will now be in order for MILLIS to quit sniffling and go to work to secure the prize.

AT ANY time within the last thirty or forty years the American public would have gladly assented to the proposition to give back to Mexico the battle flags and other trophies of war captured from the Mexicans. The heart of the true American, the brave patriot, carries anger as the flint bears fire, which much enforced shows a hasty spark and straight is cold again. War reminiscences, war emblems, all recollections and reminders of contention and ill-feeling, should be put away as soon as possible and kept thenceforth in the back ground. Let us have peace, in reality and in solemn truth as well as in name!

UP TO DATE.

Hon. J. L. RAWLINS, of the Democratic delegation which went to Washington in the interest of the Home Rule bill, has returned and fetches with him the gratifying assurance that the bill is almost certain to become a law. The situation may be briefly stated: Every Democratic Senator, with a solitary exception, is in favor of the measure, and a number of Republican Senators have declared they would vote for it while others are openly working for it. The western Senators generally can find no good ground upon which to base opposition. They recognize the right of the people of Utah to govern themselves, provided those people employ their power properly, and they say that this bill will give an opportunity to show whether or not we can be trusted to enjoy and perform the duties of American citizens. Practically all the Democrats and several Republicans say they are ready to admit Utah at once, having the confidence in the ability, the integrity and the patriotism of our people which all Americans should have in their countrymen; and yet they say a statehood bill cannot be passed in the face of the President's veto in the event of a veto being interposed. However, it is not thought the President will resort to his constitutional objection to defeat the bill. The measure exactly meets the conditions which he suggested in his message, and being favored by both Republicans and Democrats it is believed that he will approve it, and thus give the Mormons the opportunity to demonstrate that they are scandalized by those who express doubt as to their honesty and sincerity in politics.

It may be added that everybody seems to understand that within a year or two the territory will be admitted to the Union. That is the universal sentiment in Washington, and even those who are now pronounced and unreasonable in their opposition to statehood say that if matters shall work well under the Home Rule law the next Congress, no matter what its political complexion, will be absolutely certain to admit the state.

In conversation with Mr. RAWLINS, he expressed the surprise of himself and the other members of the delegation at the hearty and cordial manner in which they were received, and the warm and friendly which Congressmen manifested in the Utah question. The delegation found eager listeners everywhere, and as our readers are already aware, the territorial committees of either house departed from the usual custom and held meetings after meeting, giving all an opportunity to be heard. The committees were not merely courteous to the petitioners but were themselves earnest searchers for facts, and when the hearings closed it is safe to say that so far as the members of the committees were concerned they were thoroughly familiar with the anomalous condition of things prevailing in this territory.

As a matter of fact this very Utah question is to-day one of the most important things before Congress. Heretofore the mention of Utah suggested "Mormons" and "polygamy," and nobody from this territory could command attention or wield influence. To-day a quarter of a million American people are appealing for emancipation and their rights as citizens; they do not appeal as Mormons and polygamy no longer figures in the business. They go up to Congress as brave and brave men and women, patriotic and proud of their country and its institutions, and they ask that justice be done them in their recognition as loyal, progressive people, bent wholly upon making this country great and glorious. Only the narrow-minded and the bigoted now sneer "Mormon," and the cry of "polygamy," which was once sufficient excuse for denying even respectful consideration for any request which went up for Utah, is no more heard.

The hearings before the committees have closed. The Herald compliments the Democratic delegation upon their splendid presentation of the case, and congratulates the people of Utah upon the circumstance that their cause has been laid before Congress in a most satisfactory manner. We are also pleased by the prospect that in the near future the people will have what they have never before possessed—Home Rule—and by the certainty that before the coming Congress adjourns Utah will be a member of the great federation of American states, a part of the mighty republic, its people Americans in something besides birth and education.

DON'T.

We hear it hinted that the legislature may increase the tax rate, the argument being that the demands upon the treasury are considerably greater than the income, and an increase of taxes will be necessary in order to avoid a big issue of bonds. We are not advised as to the reliability of this rumor, but our earnest advice to the lawmakers is, don't.

We are aware of the calls for money. We know of the demands for appropriations, and have heard some of the earnest pleas put forth for cash. Every fellow thinks his request should be granted. The boards of public institutions are trying to convince the legislature that their respective institutions will go to the demolition bow-wow unless they get the money asked for. Arguments, all more or less convincing, are heard in favor of every estimate. And yet THE HERALD emphasizes, don't raise the taxes.

In this city, two years ago, it was announced that the taxes would be increased, and at once there came a decline in real estate sales, which decline almost amounted to paralysis when the increase was made. There has been no recovery from that blow. We personally know that property owners, regarded as fairly well-to-do, have been compelled to borrow money the past two years to pay taxes. On the recorder's books at the county court house are the records of 7,000 real estate mortgages. High taxes had a good deal to do with placing many of those mortgages. Don't permit a similar blow to be struck at the territory at large. Confine the evil to the narrowest possible limits.

It is not necessary for Utah to indulge in some things which individuals are striving for. It is not necessary to greatly enlarge the public institutions and maintain these institutions in grand style. Economy is necessary, and very much so, especially at this time when there is a general complaint of dullness in every branch of industry and scarcity of money.

The natural increase in the value of property will increase the revenue all that the excessive demand, or, if not, the necessities should be made to conform to the revenue. Boom practices should not be attempted by the legislature.

The assembly should keep uppermost in mind, not the exorbitant demands for

money, but the ability of the people to pay the money; not the idea of a magnificent public institution maintained on a grand scale, but such an institution as will answer the purposes for which it was established, when operated on the lines of rigid economy. We are surprised at the greed exhibited on the part of some officials, and will be astonished if the legislature shall even attempt to satisfy that greed.

FOR SWEET CHARITY.

With all the noble instances of individual charity, Salt Lake is deficient in its organized charities. Unaided by public funds, a few of its noble-hearted women have set on foot an institution which is a credit to their efforts and a benefit to Utah—the Orphan's Home and Day Nursery. Its doors have been thrown open to children from all parts of the territory, and the question of sector or creed has never been considered. By reason of increased demands the Home has been compelled to expand its accommodations, and in so doing a debt of \$1,800 has been incurred, and to aid in the discharge of this, the lady managers propose giving a public entertainment on Friday next at the Salt Lake theatre, consisting of tableaux of statuary, participated in by many of our young people, with a musical programme such as Salt Lake alone can furnish on short notice, followed by a coffee social. Those in immediate charge of the affair are Mesdames McVicker, William Jennings, F. S. Richards, J. Miller, T. G. Webber, L. C. Crossman, George Ryan and G. W. Tibbets, and they have devoted their best energies to the success of their undertaking. The press, the pulpit and the public should esteem it a privilege to aid with all their might an institution devoted to so worthy and noble a charity, and we have faith in the public spirit of the people of Salt Lake that they will deal generously with the Home and attend this performance.

SPECIAL TARIFF REVISION.

The protected interests are greatly alarmed over the shape the tariff reform question has taken in the committees on ways and means. They do not by any means subscribe to the arguments of David A. WELLS, the noted opponent of the McKinley and similar measures, in behalf of revision by detail. This proposed removal of duties by piece-meal would cause a series of breaches in the protection barrier that would weaken the whole line—a disintegration that would make the tariff system crumble away. They will resist it with all their strength, and one of their arguments is the alleged injustice of dealing with a national policy by piece-meal instead of by a general and uniform law. One of the reasons why at last session the Republicans opposed amendments to the McKinley bill was that they would destroy its unity and harmony.

But the protected interests are opposed to a general as well as a special reduction of the tariff provisions. They want it to be let alone, and in this they have the encouragement of the President, who is opposed to dealing with the subject at all. Each beneficiary may be willing that some other beneficiary shall be deprived of protection, as long as the proposed reduction stops before it reaches himself. The New Englanders would be glad to see coal, iron and wool put on the free list, since these are articles they have to buy; but they would object to a serious reduction of the duties on the woolen and cotton goods of which they sell so much.

It being determined that at present a commendable way to deal with the tariff is by detail, as it is known the President would veto any sweeping measure, the ways and means committee are right to select articles for treatment, the duties on which are particularly onerous upon the masses of the people. The duties on wool and woolen goods, fencing wire, cotton bagging, cordage, tools, leather goods, etc., ought to be, some of them removed entirely, and some of them essentially lessened to relieve the producers, including the farmers of the west and south.

The whole tariff-tax system as represented in last session's legislation is so unequal in its operations, so sectional in character and so oppressive, that striking at almost any point would be to effect good results. Our people of the Democratic or popular party expect their representatives will at least strive to accomplish some of the reforms so greatly needed, and the Republicans will be glad to see the tariff in the House, as in the committee, they antagonize special removals or reductions. Still, there are duties which bear with more hardship than others on consumers, and these are the ones that ought to be cut away first.

HARRISON'S TRIALS AND TRIUMPHS.

Multitudinous are the troubles of B. H. Harrison. Correspondents say that the relations between him and BLAINE are now under great stress, each indulging in boyish warfare upon the other. The newest function, it appears, grows out of the appointment of Wm. N. GUNNELL, a nephew of Vice-President MORTON, as third assistant secretary of state, to take the place of a gentleman named MOORE. This appointment was made not only without Mr. BLAINE's sanction, but in the face of his recommendation of Mr. T. W. CHAPLIN, chief of the diplomatic bureau; but the secretary went to the bat by placing his factious, ex-Minister Foxman, in that position. GUNNELL is a thoroughly capable man, and Mr. GUNNELL has been permitted to camp in the elevator, or wherever else he could find a seat, that gentleman being a person non grata at the inner precincts of the department.

This incident has called to mind the circumstance that the President has balked the premier in numerous cases relating to the conduct of his office. Mr. HARRISON's aim being not particularly to offend BLAINE, but rather to advance his own personal cause, BLAINE to the contrary notwithstanding. There are said to be "hung up" in the pigeon holes of the executive office no fewer than forty-nine nominations for consular offices made by the secretary of state, and the probabilities are that when action is taken on these cases the names of friends of promoters of Mr. HARRISON's re-election interests will be substituted.

On the heels of these new stories about the President's relations with the Plumed Knight comes a lot of gossip about a reconciliation between the former and Senator QUAY. Allegation has been made by THE HERALD to the effect lately stated by the President's friends in Pennsylvania to "down" QUAY through an appeal to the Republicans to elect only members of the legislature pledged to the boss' defeat. Scarcely is this movement launched when the gossip gets around that Mr. HARRISON is trying to make his peace with the Senator and his colleagues, and also with Colonel DUNLEY. The statement is made with great positiveness that Mr. H. consented to appear, within a few weeks at farthest, to have the support of both Pennsylvania Senators in his endeavor to obtain the Pennsylvania delegation to Min-

neapolis. This would insure HARRISON's nomination, and give back to QUAY the control of the federal patronage in the Keystone state.

WE FEAR the new secretary of war is not exhibiting much progress in the peculiar art of concealment, which is one of the chief accomplishments of the really able Cabinet minister. The ability to keep a secret, or to permit it to find its way to the public through circuitous and devious ways when it is desirable it should be known, has evidently not yet been acquired by Mr. ELKINS. He has actually stated that Mr. HARRISON is an aspirant for reelection. To be sure, significant hints and little crams of garrulous prattle have been daintily dropped to this effect for some time past, but for the secretary of war to publicly state that in his belief B. H. is a candidate, comes so sudden-like it almost takes our breath away.

AN ABUNDANCE of economical work for the House at Washington is being carved out by the Republican Senate which things it can afford to be liberal, when all the responsibility of such legislation will fall upon the Democrats. All measures for public buildings, monuments, etc., find ready favor in the upper branch of Congress, that throws upon the other House the odium of refusing the necessary immense appropriations.

PERHAPS the basest exhibition of ingratitude yet seen is that of Hon. H. W. BLAINE, of New Hampshire, towards Mr. HARRISON, in announcing his name as a candidate for President. It is sharper than a snake's tush, after being selected for the Chinese mission, to thus turn upon probably the only man in the country who would have done that and enter the lists against him for the nomination.

REV. BURLIN's book was sold by subscription. A purchaser gave his copy to the Lowell library, and now Rev. threatens to sue, claiming that a person who buys a book published for sale by subscription only is prevented from disposing of it by sale or gift. But we suppose he may burn or bury it.

GINGER SNAPS.

We never realize the value of a jewel until we have tried to pawn it. Come to think of it, we wouldn't then.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

"What do you think of your new governor, Tom?" "O, he's all right for a beginner, but he'll soon learn."—*Boston Post.*

First Small Boy—What does your ma do when you lie to her? Second Small Boy—She tells you I take after him.—*Good News.*

Mr. Grayson—Now you must listen, Mr. Sayer, my daughter's going to sing her last new song, Salix—Thank heaven.—*Boston Courier.*

"Do you think that Bertie's cigarettes are killing him?" asked this young man's mother. "I don't know about that," replied the father. "I doubt much whether his friends and relations will survive."—*Washington Star.*

Humorous Contributor—Do you pay well for your fun? Editor (with a towel about his head)—Well, I should say I did. I was out with the boys last night, and I am paying pretty well for my fun to-day.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Ud (to his wife)—This is my dear old friend Buz. For three years we were classmates, shared our room, our joys, our sorrows, and when one of us had no money—Buz!—The other one usually had't any money either.—*Argonaut Blatter.*

He—You can always tell when a woman has told all she knows about a piece of neighborhood gossip. She—How? He—She always concludes with "I should be glad to tell you all about it, but my lips are sealed."—*New York Herald.*

Mrs. Wilson—Mrs. Struckit affects the antique in her house decorations. Mrs. Dagget—Yes, she told me the other day she was heart-broken because she couldn't get the shades of her parlors for the parlor windows.—*Art in Advertising.*

The best medical authorities say the proper way to treat catarrh is to take a constitutional remedy, like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

H. YOUNG'S AUCTION.

I have been selling at public auction for three weeks. My Silverware and Clocks are about all sold. I still have a large stock of Fine Watches and Jewelry, and to make the sale of more interest to my old patrons and others, I have received a consignment from Eastern wholesale jewelry house of about \$10,000 worth of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co's make of Silverware, consisting of the very best styles of everything made in Hollow ware. Also fifty dozen of Roger & Bro's Knives, Forks and Spoons, etc. These goods will be put on sale at once this week. Every piece sold at auction will be guaranteed by us to be just as the auctioneer represents them.

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Absolutely pure Maple Syrup and N. O. Molasses. Rogers & Co.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggists a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable in taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon.

Trial bottles free at A. C. Smith & Co., druggists.

DO YOU KNOW IT?

A common Cough is the most dangerous thing in the world to neglect; a slight hacking Cough is also very dangerous, as it always leads to Bronchitis and Consumption. Don't neglect them. On selecting a remedy for Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis, be sure and get one that is not full of Opium and that will not produce constipation. Ballard's Horehound Syrup does not constipate, remember this. It is perfectly harmless for children, and it's the most soothing and healing Throat and Lung medicine in the world. It cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, tickling in the throat and greatly strengthens the Lungs after Pneumonia. Sold by Z. C. M. I. drug department.

Just 24.

In just 24 hours J. V. S. relieves constipation and sick headaches. After it gets the system under control an occasional dose prevents return. We refer, by permission, to W. H. Marshall, Brunswick House, S. F.; Geo. A. Werner, 531 California St. S. F.; Mrs. C. Morin, 125 Kearny St. S. F.; and many others who have found relief from constipation and sick headaches. G. W. Vincent, of 6 Terence Court, S. F. writes: "I am 60 years of age and have been troubled with constipation for 25 years. I was recently induced to try Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. I recognized in it at once an herb that the Mexicans used to give us in the early 50's for bowel troubles. (I came to California in 1859) and I knew it would help me and it has. For the first time in years I can sleep well and my system is regular and in splendid condition. The old Mexican herbs in this remedy are a certain cure in constipation and bowel troubles." Ask for

JOY'S Vegetable Sarsaparilla.

Largest bottle, most effective, same price.

For sale by all druggists, Roberts & Neldin wholesale agents for Utah.

CREAM means carefully selected.

PURE means clean, unadulterated.

RYE is a grain containing great nutriment, far in excess of corn (from which Bourbon whiskeys are distilled).

Millions of people in Europe and Asia rely on this grain for subsistence.

CREAM PURE RYE

Is a carefully selected whiskey, distilled from Rye by the hand-made process, is doubly matured. You may know it by its remarkable smoothness and delicious bouquet. It is guaranteed to be absolutely pure and wholesome and is so recommended by local physicians.

For sale only at high-class liquor and drug stores and hotels.

DALLEMAND & CO., CHICAGO.

Samples can be had at John Lollin's, 129 Main street; Knutsford Hotel; Williams & Getraus, 60 W. Second South, etc., etc.

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Catalogue of Hand Instruments, Tools, and Machinery, etc., for sale.

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